

STIRRED BY TAGGART'S VISIT.

INDIANA REPUBLICANS GLAD HE WENT HOME FOR A TIME.

His Stay of a Few Days in Indiana Stirred the Republicans to Renewed Action—They Now Expect a Larger Plurality Than They Had Four Years Ago.

INDIANAPOLIS, Sept. 24.—The sudden flurry of activity shown by the Democrats during the presence of Democratic National Chairman Taggart in this city last week, and the certainty that it was planned by the chairman and his Indiana friends to induce the national committee to appoint a large part of the campaign fund to Indiana, have had the effect of awakening the Republicans, and their organization has gone to work in a spirit of earnestness that has not been manifested in the present campaign. Party conferences have been held in many parts of the State, the organization has been perfected in some of the close counties where legislators are to be chosen, and each of the district chairmen has been ordered to make a thorough canvass of the district, with a view to discovering weak places if any exist.

The direct result of the visit of National Chairman Taggart has, therefore, been to increase Republican zeal and get elements to work that but for his visit might have remained inactive and certainly would not have been so earnest. Not that the Republican managers have ever doubted that Indiana would be Republican in this campaign. That thought has not entered into their minds, but they realized that, if money is to be poured into Indiana from the national Democratic committee and to be used in the close counties it might jeopard the election of some Republican candidates for the Legislature. It is to prevent this that the new energies have been called into being.

While the Republicans are thus active the Democrats seem to have fallen away from the enthusiasm which Taggart manifested in the meetings which Taggart attended, and something of the old listlessness has again overtaken the party. Democrats and Republicans alike have wondered that the enthusiasm should so soon subside, and have attempted to find a reason for it, but so far it is unaccounted for except by the general statement that the defeats that the party has sustained since 1892 and the general prosperity of the farmers and laboring classes of the State have combined to convince the local leaders that the times are not ripe for a change.

This seems to be confirmed by the reports that are coming in from all parts of the State to the Republican headquarters in this city. Almost without exception they show that there is no discontent among Republicans themselves, and that all the indications point to an increased plurality over that of four years ago. This is the result of two things: first, the fact that work in the State. The first of these is the strong tendency in Democratic counties and in large cities toward the Socialists, and the party has been unable to carry out its vigorous campaign, and there is little question but its vote will be increased over that of two years ago, when the combined Socialist and Labor vote was over 100,000, and the increase two years ago was from Democrats almost exclusively and whatever gains are made this year will be from the same party.

The second factor at work for Republican success is found in the rural districts and, paradoxical as it may appear, among the farmers who were the most earnest followers of Bryan in his two campaigns for the Presidency. Possibly among these, to a greater extent than among any other class, exists the feeling that a change of administration might lead to a change of the conditions through which they are now so prosperous. The Democrats have tried to counteract this feeling by speeches and by enormous distributions of literature, but it is admitted by their managers that the farmers have come to look upon their prosperity as a property as synonymous terms and that there will undoubtedly be some losses to the party in places where the vote for Bryan was largest four and eight years ago.

The Republicans are expecting to gain at least one member of Congress from this State, and they will not be surprised if the election in the city of Fort Wayne, and this means that Robinson's vote will be smaller this year than two years ago, while the vote for Gilbert, the Republican nominee, is expected to be a substantial increase. Like Robinson, he is young and energetic, popular with the people of the district and is making an unusually earnest canvass.

The fourth district, long regarded as doubtful. Two years ago it was carried by the Democrats by less than 1,000 majority, and Congressman Griffith, who has represented the district for four years, is now the party nominee, but it is considered that he is not as strong a candidate as Griffith, and the Republicans are looking to the district as an inviting field for effort.

The only menace to Republican success in the State, and that is not a menace to the national ticket, is in the feeling that has come out of the contest for Senator Fairbank's seat in the Senate. Congressman Hemmway is confessedly in the lead for the place, but some of his friends have been very injudicious in their efforts to select candidates for the Legislature favorable to him, and in some places serious factional feeling has resulted. It is known that Congressman Charles B. Landis, Congressman Crumpacker, Charles Street Hendee and Gov. Durbin have Senatorial aspirations and are each in the lead in the party.

To run over them roughshod is galling to them and their friends and the methods invoked in the interest of Hemmway have not been such as to conciliate those whose interests are alike at stake.

Republicans, while admitting that the Senatorial contest is an element to be regretted, believe that the success of Fairbank will not be endangered by it, and they are confidently looking forward to a majority in excess of that of 1900.

CHURCH ROW IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Bishop of the A. M. E. Church Going There to Fight Lord Milner.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—The Rev. Spencer Smith, Bishop of the American Methodist Episcopal Church of Africa, has sailed from Southampton for Cape Town, where he intends to fight both the British Colonial Office and the Wesleyan Methodist body. The Colonial Office put a veto upon the Bishop visiting the Transvaal, and the Wesleyan Methodist body, upon the Bishop delivering to the Colonial Office a declaration that the Church absolutely repudiated in situations that it was interfering with constituted authority and spreading sedition among the natives, the embargo was removed. Just before sailing, however, the Bishop said the Colonial Office informed him that permission to conduct missions had been rescinded, and Lord Milner's recommendation, but the Bishop has determined to proceed to Cape Town, where he will be better situated to deal with his enemies.

The Bishop declares that Lord Milner's action is the direct result of influence brought to bear by the Wesleyan Methodists, who object to the interference by other religious bodies in the work of the Christianization of the natives. The Bishop says that the Wesleyan Methodists attacked the American Methodist Episcopal Church at the first missionary conference ever held in Africa, which sat at Johannesburg in August. All denominations working in South Africa were represented except the American Methodist Episcopal Church, which was charged with fostering race prejudice and disloyalty.

SYRIAN EXPLORATIONS.

Plans of the Princeton University Archaeological Expedition.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—Princeton University's Syrian expedition, having received the necessary permission from the Sultan to conduct exploring investigations, has left Constantinople. Prof. H. C. Butler writes en route from Constantinople to Jerusalem, where he joins the other members of the party who left London a few weeks ago.

Prof. Butler intends to conduct archaeological inquiries, and he and Prof. Ermo Littman expect to spend a year in researches in northern and central Syria, the Hauran country and the country east of the Jordan. With them are F. A. Norris, a civil engineer, and Dr. R. S. Hooper. They intend to make up a caravan at Jerusalem and start for the interior on Oct. 1 to explore several unexplored regions where they believe are ruins of ancient Graeco-Roman cities. They will visit numerous places more or less known thereabouts and will map the unexplored territory, survey ancient sites, study the architecture by means of photographs, measurements and drawings to scale, and search inscriptions in various Oriental languages in addition to Latin and Greek. They expect to spend the autumn east of the Jordan and southeast of the Hauranitis, while they will winter in the Hauran and in the spring move northward, south of Aleppo, to the Orontes and the Euphrates. They will be joined on the march by L. O. K. Prentice, professor of Greek at Princeton, who will especially study the Greek and Latin inscriptions.

ANOTHER MIXED BATHING ROW.

London Stirred Because of the Declaration of the Mayor of St. Pancras.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

LONDON, Sept. 24.—Some years ago the whole British Isles were stunned by an agitation for mixed bathing at seaside resorts. There are now quite a number of places where this is allowed, but it is still generally looked upon as a thing of somewhat dubious propriety.

It may be easily imagined, therefore, what a shock the Mayor of St. Pancras gave London the other day when he proposed that mixed bathing under proper supervision should be allowed in the London municipal swimming baths.

The press has been teeming ever since with letters, mostly deprecating in the strongest terms the daring suggestion, especially one item in the London Standard. He spoke of the advantages of husbands taking their wives and children, and brothers taking their sisters to teach them to swim.

This was sufficient to rouse plenty of protest, for the British public argued that though husbands and brothers might be bathing with their own wives and sisters, yet, unless the principle of one swimming bath for one family was established, there should be bathing with other people's wives and sisters.

But the Mayor of St. Pancras boldly added to the list "sweethearts." This probably will prove fatal to his scheme.

SIO STEERAGE RATE.

Low Fare Fixed for Hungarian Emigrants at German Conference.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

FRANKFORT, Sept. 24.—The conference of directors of Atlantic coast shipping companies held here today to fix the steerage rate to New York for Hungarian emigrants at \$2.20 (\$10).

The conference was held by representatives of the Hamburg-American, Cunard and International Mercantile Marine companies.

Our Cruisers in English Port.

Special Cable Dispatch to THE SUN.

GRAVESEND, Sept. 24.—The United States cruisers Olympia, Des Moines and Cleveland arrived here this morning. The Mayor boarded the Olympia, the flagship, and the Admiral Jewell, the flagship, warmly welcomed to the squadron. A large number of the men had shore leave this evening.

The Weather.

The low pressure area which was central over the Lakes on Friday increased in force and moved rapidly eastward, being central over the Lakes yesterday. It has retarded the advance of the high pressure which was on the north Atlantic coast and caused rain and thunderstorms in the lower and central Lake sections. In the southern New England States and southwest to Texas, a storm area has made its appearance on the north Pacific coast.

The temperature has risen decidedly on the Atlantic coast, in the Lake regions and upper Mississippi Valley. On the northern Rocky Mountain slope it has fallen slightly, because of a high pressure to the north of Montana. Heavy rain has fallen on the Pacific coast.

In this city yesterday it was fair and warm; wind, light southerly; average humidity, 61 per cent; barometer, corrected to read to sea level, at 8 A. M., 30.27; 3 P. M., 30.10.

For Delaware, showers to day; fair to-morrow; fresh to high wind to northwest winds; fair to-morrow.

For the District of Columbia and Maryland, partly cloudy to day; probably showers; fair to-morrow; light to fresh wind to north winds.

For New Jersey, showers to day; fair to-morrow; fresh to brisk wind to northwest winds; fair to-morrow.

For New England, showers and cooler to day; brisk to high wind to northwest winds; fair to-morrow.

For western New York, showers and cooler to day; fair to-morrow; fresh to brisk wind to northwest winds, becoming variable.

RENTAL THE OTHER APARTMENTS

TOWN FIRST—THEN VISIT "RED HOVSE"

AND NOTE THE DIFFERENCE.

The latest and most important Residential Structure yet erected to meet requirements of refined people. "Red Hovse" Suites are radically different in arrangement and finish from any Residential building in America, and are replete with all modern and labor saving devices, embodying all the necessary conveniences and luxuries appointments essential to the liveliest and most comfortable of homes. 10 to 11 rooms, including 3 1/2 sleeping rooms, 3 bathrooms and a Butler's Pantry. Living Room 20 ft. wide and 20 ft. long. Elizabethan Dining Room, with walls paneled in Polard Oak to beamed ceilings. Green Stone Mantels. Specially designed Lighting Fixtures, Hardware, Appliances, Etc. Walls hung with Danish, Italian, Japanese and French pictures. Tiled Bath Kitchens and Pantries, with clock and bookcase for cook books. Window Seats and Shakespearean Windows. Louis XV. Mirror and Barometer. Mosaic Floors. Louis XVI. mirror, wainscoted bathrooms. Russell and Aldin Nurseries. The domestic staff, each suite are unusually complete and in an entirely separate wing from remainder of suite. Positively no dark or gloomy rooms in any of the suites.

To insure obtaining a "Red Hovse" suite immediate application is essential at "RED HOVSE," 250 EIGHTH AVENUE, NEW YORK. RIVERVIEW DRIVE. RENTALS \$2000.00 to \$3000.00 PER ANNUM.

TAGGART GO WEST AND STAY?

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS HEARS THAT.

Democratic Campaigners Won't Say Yes or No to a Revival of the Western Headquarters Story, but Surmise That It Came From the Enemy.

One of the chieftains in charge of President Roosevelt's campaign said to a SUN reporter early in the day: "I hear that one of the results of Judge Parker's trip down here is that Tom Taggart has got his walking papers. Judge Parker has agreed that it will be better for the national committee to open Western headquarters, and it has been arranged that Taggart shall go out and take charge of the Western end of the campaign. That will leave Sheehan, Belmont and Gorman to run things here with a free hand." THE SUN's informant would not say where he got his news, but added: "You'll find out in a day or two that that information is straight."

William F. Sheehan went to Esopus yesterday afternoon to stay until Monday. Before he left he was asked if there had been any determination reached on the part of the national committee to open headquarters. He was told that there was a rumor about it, but that the effect of the committee had decided to have headquarters in the West and that Mr. Taggart was to be shipped out there to take charge of them.

"Where did that come from?" asked Mr. Sheehan quickly. "I'll wager that you got that from 'Madison Avenue' [the address of the Republican headquarters]. But it is true that Mr. Taggart is to go West to supervise the campaign out there? Mr. Sheehan was asked by another reporter if he knew anything about it; you might do better if you made some inquiries at 'Madison Avenue,' Mr. Sheehan answered.

Mr. Taggart, when the question was put to him, also evaded a direct answer by replying: "Who told you that? Didn't you get it from 'Madison Avenue'?" Like Mr. Sheehan, he declined to say whether or not there had been any conclusion reached in the conferences with Judge Parker to establish headquarters in Chicago or some other Western centre.

RECEIVED 30,000 VOLTS.

Workman at Spier Falls Escapes With His Life, but Loses a Big Toe.

GLEN FALLS, N. Y., Sept. 24.—Frank J. Pinkerton was at work in the cell room of the Hudson River Water Power Company at Spier Falls yesterday and came in contact with one of the cells, from which he received a current of 30,000 volts. He was thrown several feet into the air and was conscious. The points of contact were badly burned. His right great toe, where the greater portion of the current left him, was almost burned off.

He spoke of the advantages of husbands taking their wives and children, and brothers taking their sisters to teach them to swim.

Perfect Tailoring

is exemplified in our productions—exclusively high grade garments—made of the fabrics that wear at the minimum price for first quality workmanship. Crousings \$5.50 and upward. Suitings \$25.00 and upward.

Burnham & Phillips

Custom Tailoring Only.

119 & 121 Nassau St.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

For nearly 100 years

MURRAY & LANMAN'S FLORIDA WATER

Has perfumed and refreshed the world.

DIED.

BROWN.—At East Orange, N. J., on Sept. 23, 1904, Archer Brown, in his 54th year.

Funeral services will be held at his late residence, 50 Hudson av., East Orange, on Monday, Sept. 26, at 2:30 P. M. Trains leave New York (Lackawanna Railroad) 1:30 and 1:50 P. M.

BUTLER.—On Friday, Sept. 23, 1904, at his home, 175 Hamilton av., Paterson, N. J., Henry L. Butler, in the seventy-second year of his age.

The funeral services will be held at the Church of the Redeemer, Broadway and Graham av., Paterson, N. J., on Sunday, Sept. 25, at 2 o'clock. It is kindly requested that no flowers be sent. Train by the Erie Railway leaves from the foot of West Twenty-third street, New York, at 1:40 P. M.

Department of State.

Washington, D. C., Sept. 23, 1904.

CHESTNUT.—Information has been received at this Department from Mr. Joseph G. Stevens, the Consul of the United States at Plymouth, England, of the death, on the 1st of September, at Plymouth, of Dan le Gore Chestnut of New York city.

The legal representatives of the deceased can obtain further information by applying to this Department.

Per dispatch No. 78.

Dated Sept. 2, 1904.

HAYWARD.—At his home, 64 Locust Hill, Yonkers, on Sept. 24, Roy Moody Hayward, son of Sterling F. and Sara H. Hayward.

Funeral services at the home, on Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

MACKENZIE.—John J. M. D., on Saturday, Sept. 24, at his residence at Bergen Beach.

Notice of funeral later.

MARTIN.—Mary J. Martin, beloved wife of Ber-

sard F. Martin, at Mount Clemens, Mich.

Notice of funeral hereafter.

POTTER.—At Pensacola, Fla., on Sept. 17, 1904, Caroline, beloved wife of W. W. Potter, formerly of New York, aged 70 years.

Dated Sept. 2, 1904.

RICH.—On Saturday, Sept. 24, at his residence, 410 East 130th st., Peter Rich, beloved husband of Mary Denner.

Funeral morning at 9:30 from Holy Rosary Church, 110th st. and 1st Ave., New York.

SANKEY.—Frances Hope, daughter of I. Allen and Frances Warren, Sankey, and eldest daughter of Ira D. Sankey, in the 4th year of her age.

Funeral services will be held at the residence of her grandparents, 148 South Oxford st., Brooklyn, Monday, Sept. 26, at 2 P. M. Interment private.

CEMETERIES.

Great Pine Lawn Cemetery, 2215 acres. A beautiful Park. Office, 40 York st., N. Y.

UNDERTAKERS.

STEPHEN F. DOOLEY, Established 1888.

Funeral Director, 11 Madison st., Orchard.

Residence, 120 East 91st st., House Phone 8107 J., 79th.

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d to 34th Street

Broadway, 33d